

- Setting the SEN bit begins a Start event.
- Writing the I2CxTRN register starts a host transmission. The data are the serial EEPROM device address byte, with the R/W status bit clear, indicating a write.
- Writing the I2CxTRN register starts a host transmission. The data are the first byte of the EEPROM data address.
- Writing the I2CxTRN register starts a host transmission. The data are the second byte of the EEPROM data address.
- 5 Setting the RSEN bit starts a Repeated Start event.

- Writing the I2CxTRN register starts a host transmission. The data are a resend of the serial EEPROM device address byte, but with R/W status bit set, indicating a read.
- (7) Setting the RCEN bit starts a host reception. On interrupt, the user software reads the I2CxRCV register, which clears the RBF status bit.
- $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{B}}$  Setting the ACKEN bit starts an Acknowledge event. ACKDT = 1 to send a NACK.
- (9) Setting the PEN bit starts a host Stop event.